21COM2C6L



M.Com. II Semester Degree Examination, October - 2023 COMMERCE

International Business

(CBCS)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions: Answer **any five** of the following questions with Question No. **1** is **Compulsory**. Each question carries **fourteen** marks.

1.	Exp	lain the impact of devaluation on international business.	14
2.	Wha	at are regional trading blocks? Explain the different types of regional trading eks.	14
3.	Disc	cuss in detail global manufacturing strategies of MNCs.	14
4.	Disc Indi	cuss the factors influencing of FDI. Highlight the present scenario of FDI in a.	14
5.	Exp	lain the role of WTO in globalisation.	14
6.	(a) (b)	How do regional trade blocks helps for global trade? Discuss. Does India suffer from Brain Drain? Discuss.	7 7
7.	(a) (b)	Discuss the impact of make in India on manufacturing sectors. Discuss the functions of TRIPS and TRIMS.	7 7
8.	Writ (a) (b) (c)	te a short note on : Technology Transfer Bretton Wood Twins Supply Chain Management	5 5 4

21COM2C7L



M.Com. II Semester Degree Examination, October - 2023 **COMMERCE**

Operations Research for Business Decisions (NEP)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Answer any five of the following questions with Question No. 1 is Compulsory. Each Note: question carries **FOURTEEN** marks.

- Define operations research. Explain the phases of Operation Research (OR) 1. 7 (a) 7
 - Solve graphically the following LPP:

Minimize
$$Z = 3X_1 - 2X_2$$

$$-2X_1 + 3X_2 \le 9$$

$$X_1 - 5X_2 \ge -20$$

$$X_1 - 5X_2 \ge -20$$

 $X_1, X_2 \ge 0$ (Non-negativity constraints)

2. Use the Simplex Method to solve the (LP) model:

Minimize
$$Z = 4x_1 + 10x_2$$

Subject to constraint

$$2x_1 + x_2 \le 10$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 \le 20$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 18$$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

- 3. Determine an Initial Basic Feasible Solution to the following transportation problem 14 using -
 - Least Cost Method (a)
 - Vogel's Approximation Method

Destinations	3	A	В	С	D	E	Supply
	X	2	11	10	3	7	4
Origins	Y	1	4	7	2	1	8
	Z	3	9	4	8	12	9
Demand		3	3	4	5	6	21

4. (a) The data collected in running a machine, the cost of which is Rs. 60,000 are given below.

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Resale Value	42000	30000	20400	14400	9650
Cost of Spares	4000	4270	4880	5700	6800
Cost of Labour	14000	16000	18000	21000	25000

Determine the optimum period for the replacement of the machine.

- (b) A company is considering purchasing a new grinder, which will cost Rs.10,000/-. The economic life of the machine is expected to be 6 years. The salvage value of the machine will be Rs. 2,000/-. The average operating and maintenance costs are estimated to be Rs. 5,000/- per annum.
 - (i) Assuming an interest rate of 10% determine the present value of future cost of the proposed grinder.
 - (ii) Compare this grinder with the presently owned grinder that has an annual operating cost of Rs. 4,000/- per annum and expected maintenance cost of Rs. 2,000/- in the second year with an annual increase of Rs. 1,000/- thereafter.
- 5. A project schedule has the following characteristics as shown in the below table: 14

Activity	Name	Time	Activity	Name	Time (days)
1 - 2	A	4	5 - 6	G	4
1 - 3	В	1	5 - 7	Н	8
2 - 4	С	1	6 - 8	I	1
3 - 4	D	1	7 - 8	J	2
3 - 5	E	6	8 - 10	K	5
4 - 9	F	5	9 - 10	L	7

- (a) Construct network diagram and find out the critical path.
- (b) Find the time estimates for all activities.

6. (a) Solve the following assignment problem shown in Table using Hungarian **7** Method.

3

	Men						
Jobs	I	II	III	IV	v		
A	12	8	7	15	4		
В	7	9	17	14	10		
С	9	6	12	6	7		
D	7	6	14	6	10		
E	9	6	12	10	6		

- (b) Describe the computational procedure of obtaining optimum solution under Simplex method.
- **7.** (a) Find the cost per period of individual replacement policy of an installation of 300 bulbs, given the following:
 - (i) Cost of individual replacement of bulb is Rs. 2/- per bulb.
 - (ii) Conditional probability of failure of bulbs is as follows.

Weekend	0	1	2	3	4
Probability of failure	0	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.0

- (b) Write the rules for constructing the network diagram.
- **8.** Write short notes on following:
 - (a) Method to resolve the degeneracy
 - (b) Application of PERT/CPM
 - (c) Differentiate between North West Corner method and Minimum Matrix **4** method.



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M.Com. II Semester Degree Examination, October - 2023 COMMERCE

DSC8: Security Analysis and Portfolio Management (NEP)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Answer **any five** of the following questions with Question No. **1** is **compulsory**. Each question carries **Fourteen** marks.

1. The rate of return on stock B and the market portfolio for a 10 year period are given below:

Year	Return on Stock B (%)	Return on Market Portfolio (%)
2013	15	9
2014	16	12
2015	10	6
2016	-15	4
2017	-5	16
2018	14	11
2019	10	10
2020	15	12
2021	12	9
2022	-4	8

- (i) Calculate the beta for the Stock B.
- (ii) Establish the characteristic line for the stock B.
- (iii) What would be the return from Stock B if the market is expected to move up by 9% in 2023?
- 2. "Fundamental analysis provides an analytical framework for rational investment decision-making". Discuss.



3. Calculate covariance of each pair of securities and correlation coefficient from **14** the following data.

Year	Return from Security X (%)	Return from Security Y (%)	Return from Security Z (%)
1	15	20	12
2	18	24	8
3	20	25	7
4	16	22	14
5	22	20	16

- **4.** What do you mean by revision of portfolio? Identify reasons and formula-plans for 14 revision of portfolio.
- 5. The following is the historical performance information on the capital market and 14 a mutual fund.

Year	Mutual fund return (%)	Mutual fund beta	Return on Market index (%)	Return on Govt. Securities (%)
1	13.85	1.25	-10.00	4.76
2	28.00	1.20	21.00	4.21
3	35.00	1.18	11.05	5.21
4	11.25	1.20	-7.50	6.00
5	24.00	1.22	4.00	6.50
6	6.85	1.32	14.31	4.35
7	1.20	1.27	18.95	3.85
8	21.00	1.25	14.50	6.15
9	10.18	1.10	9.25	7.50
10	17.65	0.95	20.00	6.00

Calculate the following risk adjusted return measures for the mutual fund :

- (i) Reward to Variability Ratio
- (ii) Reward to Volatility Ratio



- **6.** What are price charts? Describe the different types of price charts used by technical analyst.
- **7.** The following data are available to you as portfolio manager:

Security	Estimated Return (%)	Beta	Standard Deviation (%)
A	30	2.0	50
В	25	1.5	40
С	20	1.0	30
D	11.5	0.8	25
E	10.0	0.5	20
Market index	15	1.0	18
Govt. Security	7	0	0

- (i) In terms of the security market line, which of the securities listed above are underpriced?
- (ii) Assuming that a portfolio is constructed using equal proportions of the five securities listed above, calculate the expected return and risk of such a portfolio.
- **8.** Write a note on the following:
 - (a) Forms of market under EMH

5

14

(b) Efficient Frontier

4

(c) Active strategy for revision of portfolio





M.Com. II Semester Degree Examination, October - 2023 COMMERCE

Advanced Cost Accounting Techniques (NEP)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Answer **any five** of the following questions with Question No. **1** is **Compulsory**. Each question carries **fourteen** marks.

1. An umbrella manufacturer makes an average profit of Rs. 2.50 per unit on a selling price of Rs. 14.30 by producing and selling 60,000 units @ 60% of potential capacity. The cost of sales per unit is as follows:

Direct Materials	Rs. 3.50
Direct Wages	Rs. 1.25
Factory Overhead	Rs. 6.25 (50% Fixed)
Sales Overhead	Rs. 0.80 (25% Variable)

During the current year he intends to produce the same number of units, but estimates that, his fixed cost would go up by 10% while the rates of direct wages and direct materials will increase by 8% and 6% respectively. However, the selling price cannot be changed. Under this situation he obtains an offer for a further 20% of his potential capacity.

What minimum price would you recommend for acceptance of the offer to ensure the manufacturer and overall profit of Rs. 1,67,300 ?

2. A factory currently working at 50% capacity and produces 10,000 units at a cost **14** of Rs. 180 per unit as detailed below:

Particulars	Per Unit
Materials	Rs. 100
Labour	Rs. 30
Factory Overhead	Rs. 30 (Rs. 12 fixed)
Administrative Overhead	Rs. 20 (Rs. 10 Flexible)
Total	180

The current selling price is Rs. 200 per unit. At 60% working, material cost per unit increases by 2% and selling price per unit falls by 2% and at 80% working, material cost per unit increases by 5% and selling price per unit falls by 5%. Estimate the profit of the factory at 60% and 80% working with your comments. Working notes should be part of your answer.

3. A gang of workers normally consists of 30 men, 15 women and 10 boys. They are paid at a standard rate per hour as Man-Rs. 0.80, Woman-Rs. 0.60 and Boy-Rs. 0.40. In a normal working week of 40 hours, the gang is produced of 40 men, 10 women and 5 boys. The actual wages paid were at Rs. 0.70, Rs. 0.65 and Rs. 0.30 respectively. 1,600 units were produced. Four hours were lost due to abnormal idle time.

Calculate:

- (i) Labour Cost Variance
- (ii) Labour Rate Variance
- (iii) Labour Efficiency Variance
- (iv) Idle Time Variance
- (v) Labour Mix Variance and
- (vi) Labour Revised Efficiency Variance
- **4.** A Company has two divisions, Division 'A' and Division 'B'. Division 'A' has a budget of selling 2,00,000 units of particular component 'x' to fetch a return of 20% on the average assets employed. The following particulars of Division 'A' are also known:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Fixed Overhead	Rs. 5,00,000
Variable Cost	Rs. 1 per unit
Average Assets:	
Sundry Debtors	Rs. 2,00,000
Inventories	Rs. 5,00,000
Plant and Equipments	Rs. 5,00,000

However there is constraint in marketing and only 1,50,000 units of the component 'x' be directly sold to the proposed price.

It has been gathered that the balance 50,000 units of component 'x' can be taken up by Division 'B' Division 'A' wants a price of Rs. 4 per unit of 'x' but Division 'B' is prepared to pay Rs. 2 per unit of 'x'.

Division 'A' has another option in hand, which is to produce only 1,50,000 units of component 'x'. This will reduce the holding of assets by Rs. 2,00,000 and fixed overhead by Rs. 25,000.

Advise the most profitable course of action for Division 'A'.



4

5. A and B are the two newly established divisions of SR Ltd. These two divisions operate as independent units. They have agreed to a 20% per annum charge for capital provided by SR Ltd. The budget for the two divisions is as under:

Particulars	Division-A (Rs.)	Division-B (Rs.)
Initial Investment	10,00,00,000	15,00,00,000
Expected Net Cash Flows:		
First Year	1,90,00,000	3,20,00,000
Years 2-8 (per annum)	2,90,00,000	4,20,00,000

In the first year of operation, A secured 5% increase in market share in sale of its products at the cost of B.

- (i) Evaluate the performance of the two divisions as envisaged in the budget using Return on Investment (RoI) and Residual Income bases.
- (ii) Calculate the net profit of the two divisions for the year of operation based on the achievement of market share increase of 5% for A with corresponding reduction in market share for B.
- Elucidate different types of Budgets. 6. (a) Analyse the advantages and applications of Standard Costing. (b) 7 7. Discuss the guiding principles in fixation of Transfer Prices. 7 (b) Write a note on Balanced Scorecard. 7 8. Write a note on Zero Base Budgeting (ZBB). 5 (a)
 - (c) Analyse the importance of Divisional Performance Measurement.

- o O o -

Explain the types of Overhead variances.



(b)

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M.Com. II Semester Degree Examination, October - 2023 COMMERCE

Strategic Marketing Management (NEP)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70 Note: Answer any five of the following questions with Question No. 1 is Compulsory. Each question carries Fourteen marks. Define strategic intent. Critically evaluate the relevance of vision and mission 1. statement in the growth of company. 2. Discuss the building blocks of strategic marketing approach. 14 3. Briefly, explain why a strategist has to consider the macro environmental forces 14 in formulating the strategies. 4. Elucidate the impact of STP (Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning) Model in 14 understanding the consumer behaviour. 5. Critically evaluate the issues and challenges of strategic marketing management 14 in the present marketing system. 6. Define competitive advantage. Explain the contribution of Michael Porter towards 14 competitive advantage. 7. Briefly discuss the recent trends in strategic marketing management. 14 Write a note on the following: 8. Marketing Myopia 5 (a) **SWOT** (b) 5 4 (c) Sustainable marketing



No. of Printed Pages: 8

Question Booklet Code



21COM2S2L/P

Question Booklet
Serial Number

M.Com. II Semester (NEP) Degree Examination, October - 2023

COMMERCE

Computerized Accounting

Time: 1 Hour Maximum Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four/two versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Code viz. **A**, **B**, **C** & **D** / **A** & **B**/ **A** only.
- 2. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same Code.
- 3. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him contains all the 30 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same Code. This is most important.
- 4. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for Rough Work.
- 5. Please read carefully all the instructions on the top of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 6. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using **Black Ball-Point Pen** in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 7. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator.
- 8. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.
- 9. First fifteen minutes is provided to fill the general information of the Student. Eg. Student Name, Student ID, etc. in the OMR Answer Sheet
- 10. Without the instruction of the Invigilator do not open the Question Paper Booklet Seal.



1.	The	following is one of the disadvantages of Computerised Accounting:							
	(A)	Provide Quality Reports	(B)	Minimizes mathematical errors					
	(C)	Relieve monotony	(D)	Creates Unemployment					
2.		oftware which is designed to a	mana	ge the computer devices and its resources is					
	(A)	Programming Software	(B)	Utility Software					
	(C)	General purpose Software	(D)	Special purpose Software					
3. An integrated Software package that manages the business across the er organisation is known as:									
	(A)	Pre-packaged Accounting Sof	tware						
	(B)	Customised Accounting Softv	ware						
	(C)	Enterprise Resource Planning	g (ER	P) Software					

- **4.** The benefit of outsourcing of an Accounting function is :
 - (A) To encourage the outsourcing agencies

(D) Spread-sheet Software

- (B) It enables the organisation to take the advantage of expert knowledge
- (C) It secures the data with themselves
- (D) To cater to the large number of employees.
- **5.** XBRL Stands for :
 - (A) Expensive Business Recording Language
 - (B) Expandable Business Reporting Language
 - (C) Extensible Business Recording Language
 - (D) Extensible Business Reporting Language

6.	The	following is one of the disadvanta	age	s of Block chain tech	nology :					
	(A)	Regulation varies by jurisdiction	ıs							
	(B)	B) Cost reduction by eliminating third party verification								
	(C)	C) Decentralization makes it harder to tamper								
	(D)	Provide secure transactions								
7.	Bloc	k chains are also known as :								
	(A)	Compressed Ledger Technology								
	(B)	Black and White Technology								
	(C)	Chain link Technology								
	(D)	Distributed Ledger Technology								
8.	The	following is an example of Block	cha	ain Technology :						
	(A)	Blackberry (B	3)	Bitcoin						
	(C)	Data Science (D))	Artificial Intelligenc	e					
9.	A bl	ock chain where anybody can joir	ı tl	he network freely is k	rnown as :					
	(A)	Private Block chain (B	3)	Permission Block ch	ain					
	(C)	Bitcoins (D))	Public Block chain						
10.		n Gateway of Tally, which amon ton?	ıg 1	the following option	is available in the Right					
	(A)	F2: Date (B) K: Company	У	(C) Y: Data	(D) Z : Exchange					
11.	Whi	ch of the following is not a Primar	ry į	group in Tally?						
	(A)	Capital Account (B	3)	Suspense A/c						
	(C)	Current Assets (D))	Stock in Hand						
A				3	21COM2S2L/P					
			,	u	4100M404D/F					

21C	OM2	S2L/P			4				A	
	(C)	Purchase Vou	cher	(D) Sal	es order Vouc	her			
	(A)	Delivery note	Vouc	her (B) Rec	eipt Voucher				
19.	The	following is a t	ype o	f Inventory Vo	oucher	s:				
	(C)	Statistics		(D	, ACC	ounts informa	uon			
	(A) (C)	Statistics	maul	(D	,	y Audit ounts Informa	tion			
10.	(A)	u number of Lec Company Info	Ü	•	tries etc. Can be shown from : 3) Tally Audit					
18.	Tota	l number of Le	doers	Groupe Fat	ries et	c Can he sho	wn fror	m :		
	(C)	Item invoice m	node	(D) Acc	ounting invoic	e mode	e		
	(A)	Voucher Mode	!	(B)) Acc	ounting Voucl	ner mo	de		
17.	A mode of voucher which allows entry of Accounts only:									
	(C)	Date of Order		(D) Nar	ne of the Acco	unting	Group		
	(A)	Customers Na	me	(B)	,	antity and Rat				
16.	Sales order does not contain the following details:									
	(A)	Tally 6.3	(B)	Tally 9	(C)	Tally 7.2	(D)	Tally 8.1		
15.	А Та	ally version whic	ch su	pports 13 lan	guages	s is :				
	(2)	Sateway of Ta	- - 1, - C	11411 01 110004	.1100-110	counting was		cook Catogory		
	(D)	Gateway of Ta	-	·				tock Category		
	(D)	Gateway of Ta	•		·			,		
	(A) (B)	Gateway of Ta	-		_		_	-		
17.	(A)	Gateway of Ta					Catego	orv		
14.	The	path which is	ısed	to delete Stoc	k Cate	egory ·				
	(A)	Delhi	(B)	Mumbai	(C)	Bengaluru	(D)	Chennai		
13.	Hea	dquarter of Tall	y Sol	utions is loca	ted at	:				
	(A)	Transactions	(B)	Voucher type	e (C)	Ledger	(D)	Group		
12.	Which of the following will not list under Accounting Masters in Tally?									

20.	Fun	ctional key whi	ch is	used to s	elect	Purcl	hase Vou	chers is	5	
	(A)	F6	(B)	F7		(C)	F8	(I	D)	F9
21.	Whe	ere do we recor	d Cre	dit purcha	ise of	Mac	hinery in	Tally?		
	(A)	Purchase Vou	cher		(B)	Mac	hinery V	oucher		
	(C)	Payment Vouc	cher		(D)	Jou	rnal Voud	cher		
22.	Whi	ch of the follow	ing is	a Sub gro	oup in	n Tally	y ?			
	(A)	Suspense A/c			(B)	Capi	ital A/c			
	(C)	Sundry Debto	rs		(D)	Sale	s Accoun	nts		
23.		20,000 withdra be recorded?	wn fro	om State E	Bank (of Ind	lia. In wh	ich voucl	her	type this transaction
	(A)	Payment Vou	cher		(B)	Rece	eipt Vouc	her		
	(C)	Contra Vouch	er		(D)	Ban	k Vouche	er		
24.	The	following is a t	ype o	f Payroll V	ouch	er :				
	(A)	Stock Journal	Vou	cher	(B)	Atte	ndance V	Voucher		
	(C)	Memorandum	Vouc	cher	(D)	Payr	ment Vou	ıcher		
25.	Sho	rt cut key used	to pa	aste the te	xt coj	pied f	rom a tex	xt field is	:	
	(A)	Ctrl + X	(B)	Ctrl + V		(C)	Shift + (C (I	D)	Ctrl + C
26.	In T	ally, Credit Not	e Vou	icher is us	sed to	o reco	ord entrie	s for :		
	(A)	Sales Return			(B)	Puro	chase Ret	turns		
	(C)	Sales			(D)	Stoc	k transfe	r to anot	thei	Godown
27.	Tall	y generates		report(s	s) aut	comat	ically bas	sed on v	ouc	her/journal entries.
	(A)	Balance shee		_ `	(B)		k report			
	(C)	Profit and loss	acco	ount	(D)	All o	of them			
A						5				21COM2S2L/1

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28.	_		_	oyee name, atte e under which i		nce/production are in Tally?	type	es, pay heads,	salary
	(A)	Payroll Info	(B)	Inventory Info	(C)	Accounts Info	(D)	None of them	

- **29.** A Document that have the details about the product, its specification and pricing details is known as:
 - (A) Sales Order

(B) Product Specification

(C) Quotation

(D) Price Specification

30. A financial statement that reports a business financial position on a specific date is known as :

(A) Cash Book

(B) Trial Balance

(C) Balance sheet

(D) Profit and Loss A/c

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SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

